CODIGO : 172799

NOMBRE PACIENTE : MARTIN ALEJANDRO CANTILLO LOBO **SEXO :** MASCULINO

FECHA DE NACIMIENTO : 13/02/2026 **REGISTRO CIVIL :** 1,031,863,440

NOMBRE RESPONSABLE : YOLIBETH ISABEL LOBO ARRIETA

DOC.IDENTIDAD DE LA MADRE : 1,065,131,389

FECHA TOMA DE MUESTRA : 20/03/2026 **TIPO DE MUESTRA :** TALÓN

FECHA DE IMPRESIÓN : 09/04/2026 **PESO :** 2678

TAMIZAJE NEONATAL

ANÁLISIS MUESTRA DE SANGRE

	RESULTADO	VALORES DE REFERENCIA	INTERPRETACIÓN
T.S.H Neonatal	1.04	>= 6 µl/mL talón en prematuros >= 10 µl/mL talón >= 15 µl/mL cordón	Normal
Deficiencia de G6PDH	6.40	> 2.6 U/gHb	Normal

TÉCNICA: Fluoroinmunoensayo (Delfia). *Procesado en Colombia por PREGEN.*

Hemoglobinopatías	FA	Ausencia de hemoglobinas anormales	Normal

TÉCNICA: Cromatografía Liquida de Alto Rendimiento (HPLC). *Procesado en Colombia por PREGEN.*

TAMIZAJE AMPLIADO

ESPECTROMETRIA DE MASAS EN TANDEM

Procesado en Archimedlife international medical laboratory. 1110 Vienna.

DESORDENES DE AMINOÁCIDOS

Citrulina, Metionina, Leucina, Isoleucina, Valina, Fenilalanina, Tirosina.

Ausencia de metabolitos anormales — Normal

PERFIL DE ACILCARNITINAS

C16,C18,C18:1,C16OH,C18:1OH,C8,C10:1,C5,C5DC,C4,C14,C14:1,C50H,C3,C5:1

Ausencia de metabolitos anormales — Normal

RESULTADOS NORMALES

Recuerde que estas son pruebas de tamizaje que solo indican la probabilidad de que el recién nacido tenga una de las enfermedades estudiadas por el programa y pueden requerir pruebas adicionales para la confirmación de algún diagnóstico. La sensibilidad de estas pruebas se reduce a medida que aumenta la edad del paciente, por esto es conveniente realizarlas dentro del primer mes de nacido.

REVISADO : EDUVILIA JOHANA GOMEZ
Bacterióloga
Reg. 40.936.003

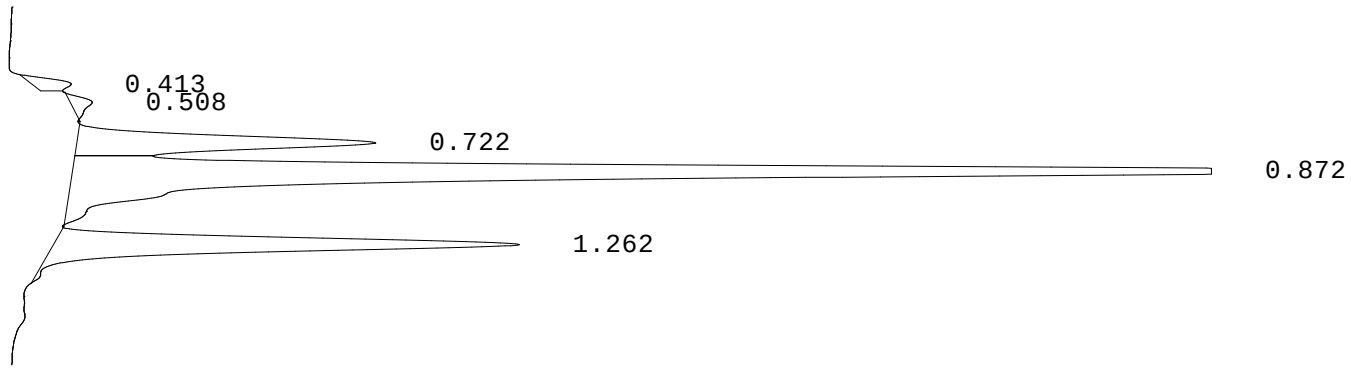
PROCESADO : MARIA JOSE PINZON GARCIA
Bacterióloga
Reg. 1.015.469.392

FECHA : 09/04/2026

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

`LABORATORIO PREGEN
Carrera 15a No 106-42
BOGOTA

Batch 2107, Rack A, Plate 1, Well B10, 172799 FA
[8C2751C15D01511D] Mar 25, 2026 11:54:09 Pressure = 57 bar (57 to 59)



PEAK	RT	REL RT	% CONC	AREA	COMMENT
1	0.413	F 0.47	1.3%	12409	
2	0.508	F 0.58	1.0%	9594	
3	0.722	F 0.83	14.0%	131576	Acetylated F peak
4	0.872	F 1.00	62.4%	588325	Consistent with F
5	1.262	A 1.02	21.3%	200740	A peak - REVIEW
			Total Area:	942644	

Codes:
1) Wide A peak
2) Area of A peak < 80%
3) Peak area greater than expected
4) Peak after A2
5) A1c > 10%
6) HbF or variant present
7) Total sample area too small/big
8) A2 is not within normal range

baby health check©

+ARCHIMEDlife Laboratory has been designated as a medical laboratory with the identification number 0407 from Accreditation Austria/Federal Ministry for Digitization and Business Location for the areas listed and published at: www.bmaw.gv.at/akkreditierung.

Dr. MARIA JOSE PINZON GARCIA
RED COLOMBIANA DE MEDICINA GENETICA SAS - PREGEN
BOGOTA
CARRERA 15 A # 106 - 42
11001 BOGOTA
Colombia

Date of Report	08.04.2026
Sample Received	30.03.2026
Date of Sampling	20.03.2026
LAB-ID	262013804

Medical Report

Patient name	**CANTILLO LOBO MARTIN ALEJANDRO**	Sample-ID	A0361559
Date of Birth	**13.02.2026**	Gender	M

Indication: Newborn Screening

Method(s): Immunoassay, Tandem mass spectrometry from Dried Blood Spot

Results:

Parameter	Value	Unit	Reference
Birth weight (g)	2678	g	-
17-hydroxyprogesterone (17OHP)	8.0	nmol/L	< 90.0
Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH)	0.7	µU/mL	< 15.0
Biotinidase	311.2	U	> 51.0
Galactose-1-P-uridyltransferase (GALT)	9.1	U/g Hb	> 2.5
Immunoreactive trypsinogen (IRT)	<15	ng/mL	< 65.0
Phenylalanine	27.9	µmol/L	< 150.0
Amino acid profile	negative		-
Acylcarnitine profile	negative		-

Interpretation: NEGATIVE RESULT

Contact Details
Assoc.-Prof. Dr. Andrea-Romana KASPER, MD, PhD
E-Mail: info@archimedlife.com

ARCHIMEDlife®
International Medical Laboratory+
Leberstrasse 20/2 | 1110 Vienna, Austria | www.archimedlife.com

Patient name	**CANTILLO LOBO MARTIN ALEJANDRO**
Date of Birth	**13.02.2026**

Sample-ID	A0361559
Gender	M

Results:

Amino Acids

Parameter	Value	Unit	Reference
Phenylalanine (Phe)	27.9	µmol/L	< 150.0
Phenylalanine / Tyrosine ratio (Phe/Tyr)	0.36	µmol/L	< 2.20
Tyrosine (Tyr)	78.0	µmol/L	< 200.0
Leucine (Leu)	97.6	µmol/L	< 270.0
Valine (Val)	50.9	µmol/L	< 200.0
Methionine (MET)	30.5	µmol/L	< 78.0
Methionine / Phenylalanine (Met/Phe)	1.09	µmol/L	< 1.60
Citrulline (Cit)	17.3	µmol/L	< 50.0
Ornithine (Orn)	97.4	µmol/L	< 250.0
Ornithine / Citrulline ratio (Orn/Cit)	5.63	µmol/L	1.50 - 20.00
Proline (Pro)	101.7	µmol/L	< 350.0
Alanine (Ala)	111.4	µmol/L	< 750.0
Arginine (Arg)	30.1	µmol/L	< 100.0
Aspartic acid (Asp)	43.4	µmol/L	< 100.0
Glutamic acid (Glu)	179.4	µmol/L	< 600.0
Glycamine (Gly)	143.4	µmol/L	< 700.0

Acylcarnitines

Free carnitine (C0)	10.20	µmol/L	6.00 - 100.00
acetylcarnitine (C2)	6.47	µmol/L	1.34 - 48.81
propionylcarnitine (C3)	1.06	µmol/L	0.13 - 6.60
butyryl-/isobutyrylcarnitine (C4)	0.07	µmol/L	0.03 - 0.90
isovaleryl-/2-methylbutyrylcarnitine(C5)	0.08	µmol/L	0.02 - 2.00
tiglylcarnitine (C5:1)	0.01	µmol/L	< 0.20
hydroxyvalerylcarnitine (C5OH)	0.15	µmol/L	0.02 - 0.57
glutarylcarnitine (C5DC)	0.02	µmol/L	< 0.30
hexanoylcarnitine (C6)	0.03	µmol/L	0.01 - 0.13
octanoylcarnitine (C8)	0.02	µmol/L	0.01 - 0.30
decanoylcarnitine (C10)	0.02	µmol/L	0.01 - 0.36
decenoylcarnitine (C10:1)	0.08	µmol/L	< 0.30
decadienoylcarnitine (C10:2)	0.03	µmol/L	< 0.10
dodecanoylcarnitine (C12)	0.03	µmol/L	0.10 - 0.60
myristoylcarnitine (C14)	0.05	µmol/L	0.01 - 0.57
tetradecenoylcarnitine (C14:1)	0.04	µmol/L	0.10 - 0.38
palmitoylcarnitine (C16)	0.39	µmol/L	0.62 - 7.81
3-hydroxypalmitoylcarnitine (C16OH)	0.02	µmol/L	< 0.10
stearoylcarnitine (C18)	0.15	µmol/L	0.30 - 2.40
oleylcarnitine (C18:1)	0.94	µmol/L	0.06 - 3.86
3-hydroxystearoylcarnitine (C18OH)	0.01	µmol/L	< 0.09
malonylcarnitine (C3DC)	0.02	µmol/L	< 0.50

Amino acid levels are indicators of phenylketonuria, tyrosinemia, MSUD, hydroxyprolinuria, hypermethioninemia (homocystinuria), citrullinemia, argininosuccinate aziduria, hyperargininemia, and hyperprolinemia. Acylcarnitine levels are indicators of carnitine uptake disorders, CPT-I deficiency, CPT-II deficiency, CAT deficiency, propionaciduria, methylmalonic aciduria, malonic aciduria, SCAD deficiency/ethylmalonic aciduria, isovaleric aciduria, HMG-CoA lyase deficiency, 3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency, methylglutaconiciduria, MCAD deficiency, VLCAD deficiency, LCHAD deficiency, glutaraziduria I, multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MAD deficiency/glutaraziduria II), and Beta-ketothiolase deficiency.

Please note: Inconspicuous negative biochemical results cannot exclude any inborn error of metabolism or endocrine disorder with certainty in newborns. We recommend any follow-up or genetic testing if any clinical symptoms are present.

Authorized By: Assoc.-Prof. Dr. Andrea-Romana KASPER, MD, PhD
[Specialist for Pediatrics, Neonatology and Nutrition]

Report was electronically signed and approved.

Contact Details
Assoc.-Prof. Dr. Andrea-Romana KASPER, MD, PhD
E-Mail: info@archimedlife.com

ARCHIMEDlife GmbH
International Medical Laboratory+
Leberstrasse 20/2 | 1110 Vienna, Austria
www.archimedlife.com